# Sexual Misconduct Hearing Officer/Advisor Training

Sean Flammer, Assistant General Counsel Krista Anderson, Systemwide Title IX Coordinator May 2022

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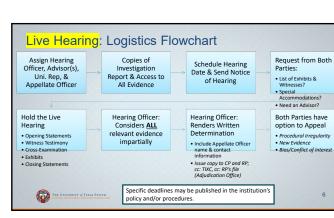
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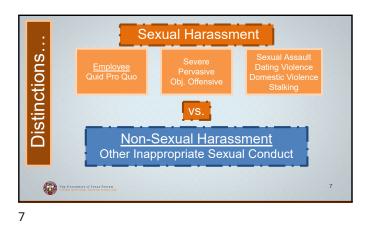




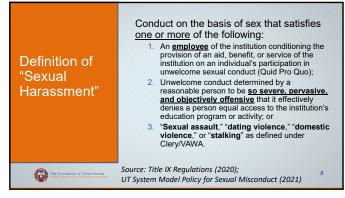




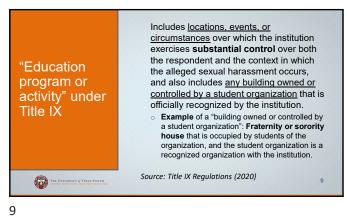








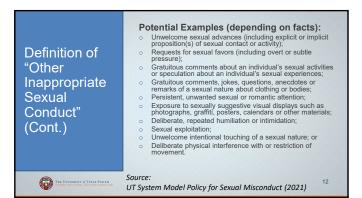




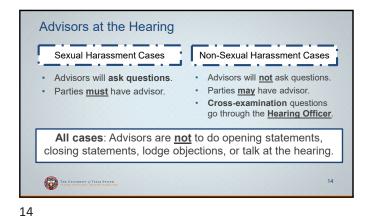




Definition of "Other Inappropriate Sexual Conduct"	<ul> <li>Conduct on the basis of sex that does not meet the definition of "sexual harassment" (under the Model Policy), but is</li> <li>1. Verbal conduct (including through electronic means), unwanted statements of a sexual nature intentionally stated to a person or group of people, that are objectively offensive to a reasonable person and also so <u>severe or pervasive</u> that they created a Hostile Environment, as defined in the Model Policy.</li> <li>2. Physical conduct.</li> </ul>
THE UNIVERSITY of TEXAS SYSTEM	Source: 11 UT System Model Policy for Sexual Misconduct (2021)









### Hearing Officer's Responsibilities

1. Preside over the hearing. 2. Listen to the evidence Listen to the evidence presented at the hearing, (read documentary evidence) to determine if by the **preponderance of the credible evidence** the Respondent violated institutional policy. 3. Impose remedies & sanctions (if applicable).





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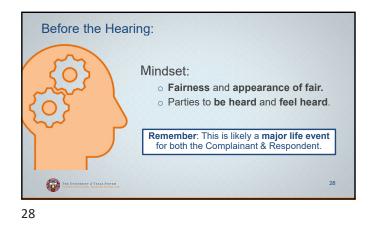


Look at the Provision(s) at Issue:	Engaging in a course of conduct directed at a specific person that would cause a reasonable person to fear for his or her safety or the safety of others or suffer substantial emotional distress. <u>For the purposes of this definition:</u> • <i>Course of conduct</i> means two or more acts, including, but not limited to, acts in which the stalker directly, indirectly, or through third parties, by any action, method, device, or means, follows, monitors, observes, surveils,
	<ul> <li>threatens, or communicates to or about a person, or interferes with a person's property.</li> <li>Reasonable person means a reasonable person under similar circumstances and with similar identities to the victim.</li> <li>Substantial emotional distress means significant mental suffering or anguish that may, but does not necessarily, require medical or other professional treatment or counseling. 24</li> </ul>

Look at the	Engaging in a (1) course of conduct (2) directed at a specific person that would (3) cause a reasonable person to fear for his or her safety or the safety of others or suffer substantial emotional distress.
Provision(s) at Issue:	<ul> <li>For the purposes of this definition:</li> <li>Course of conduct means two or more acts, including, but not limited to, acts in which the stalker directly,</li> </ul>
	indirectly, or through third parties, by any action, method, device, or means, follows, monitors, observes, surveils, threatens, or communicates to or about a person, or interferes with a person's property.
	<ul> <li>Reasonable person means a reasonable person under similar circumstances and with similar identities to the victim.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Substantial emotional distress means significant mental suffering or anguish that may, but does not necessarily, require medical or other professional treatment or counseling.</li> </ul>





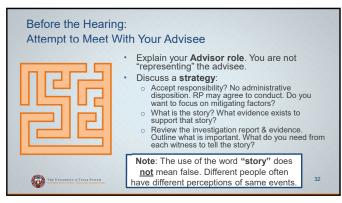


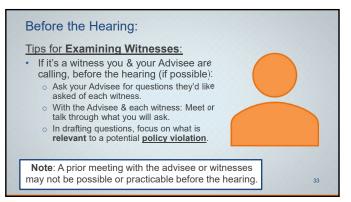






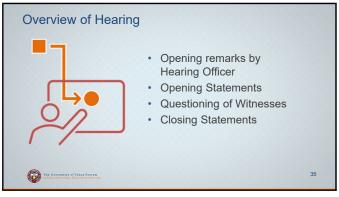










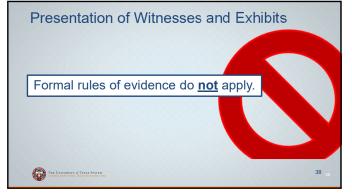












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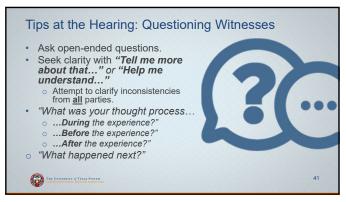
The advisors may ask questions under the following procedure:

- 1. The **advisor** will ask a question of the applicable participant.
- 2. Before the participant answers a question, the hearing officer will rule as to whether the advisor's question is relevant to the alleged conduct charges.
  - If the hearing officer rules the advisor's question as <u>not relevant</u>, then the hearing officer must **explain any decision** to <u>exclude a question</u> as not relevant. If the hearing officer allows the question as <u>relevant</u>, the **participant** will answer the question.

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### Reminder: OGC Advisor

- · Get a (free) advisor from UT System's Office of General Counsel
  - To request an OGC advisor, contact: Tamra English (tenglish@utsystem.edu)
- Feel free to take breaks during the hearing to talk with your OGC advisor as needed.

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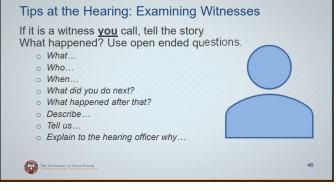
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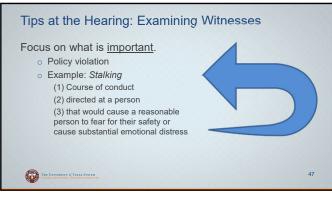
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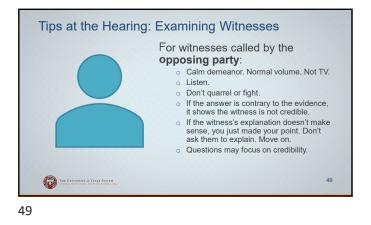


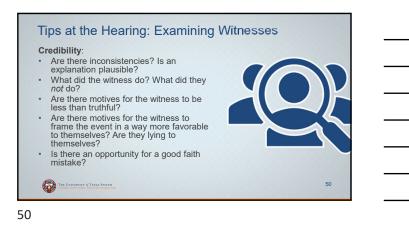












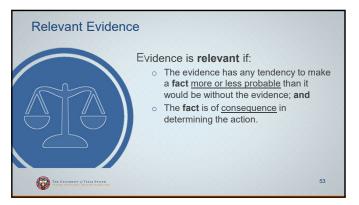


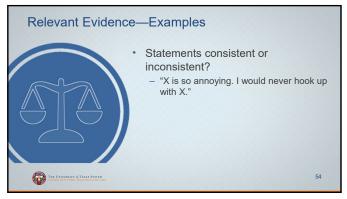




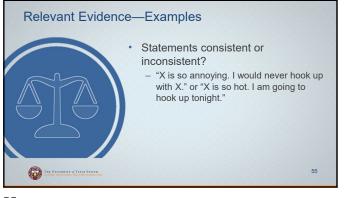


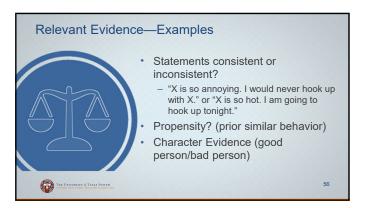


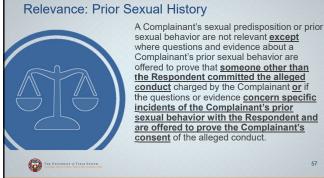












sexual behavior with the Respondent and are offered to prove the Complainant's

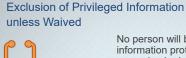
#### Logistics

"At the request of either party, the [institution] must provide for the live hearing to occur with the parties located in <u>separate rooms</u> with <u>technology</u> enabling the decisionmaker(s) and parties to simultaneously **see & hear** the party or the witness answering questions."





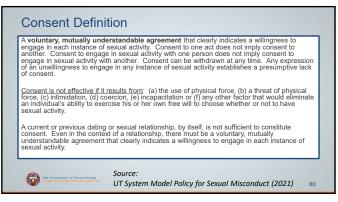
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No person will be required to disclose information protected under a legally recognized privilege. The hearing officer must not allow into evidence or rely upon any questions or evidence that may require or seek disclosure of such information, unless the person holding the privilege has waived the privilege. This includes information protected by the attorney-client privilege.

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#### Incapacitation Definition

Incapacitation is the inability, temporarily or permanently, to give consent because the individual is mentally and/or physically helpless, either voluntarily or involuntarily, or the individual is unconscious, asleep, or otherwise unaware that the sexual activity is occurring. An individual may be incapacitated if they are unaware at the time of the incident of where they are, how they got there, or why or how they became engaged in a sexual interaction.

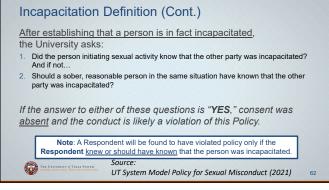
When alcohol is involved, incapacitation is a state beyond drunkenness or intoxication. When drug use is involved, incapacitation is a state beyond being under the influence or impaired by use of the drug. Alcohol and other drugs impact each individual differently, and determining whether an individual is incapacitated requires an individualized determination.

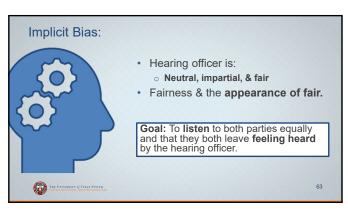
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Source: UT System Model Policy for Sexual Misconduct (2021)

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### Implicit Bias (Cont.)

[T]he Department [of Education] ...cautions that a training approach that encourages Title IX personnel to "**believe**" one party or the other would fail to comply with the requirement that Title IX personnel be trained to serve impartially, and violate § 106.45(b)(1)(ii) precluding credibility determinations based on a party's status as a complainant or respondent.

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### Implicit Bias (Cont.)

The Department takes no position on whether "start by believing" should be an approach adopted by non-Title IX personnel affiliated with a recipient, such as counselors who provide services to complainants or respondents. The Department wishes to emphasize that parties should be treated with equal dignity and respect by Title IX personnel, but doing so does not mean that either party is automatically "believed." The credibility of any party, as well as ultimate conclusions about responsibility for sexual harassment, must not be prejudged and must be based on objective evaluation of the relevant evidence in a particular case; for this reason, the Department cautions against training materials that promote the application of "profiles" or "predictive behaviors" to particular cases. (*Title IX Preamble, p. 836*)

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Tips to Avoid Bias	<ul> <li>Test to address any potential implicit bias.</li> <li>What is the essence of potential policy violation?</li> <li>Create hypothetical that includes those elements. Then flip or change the genders.</li> <li>You must have fair &amp; consistent considerations, regardless of gender.</li> <li>For hearing officers, when making your decision: List out the evidence favorable to both sides to ensure evidentiary support (as opposed to bias).</li> </ul>
THE UNIVERSITY of THE	Source: Title IX Preamble (2020) 66



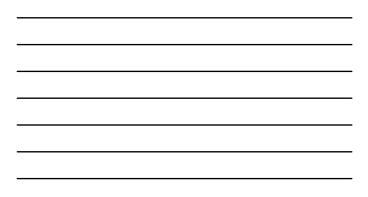


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## Controlling the Hearing

- Establish & exercise authority early & consistently.
- Be familiar with policies & the allegations.
- Describe unacceptable behavior and warn accordingly. Warnings usually correct inappropriate behavior.
- A note about harassing or abusive questions.
- Establish time limits for presenting case.
- Take breaks.
- Stop the hearing.

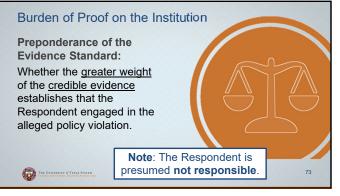


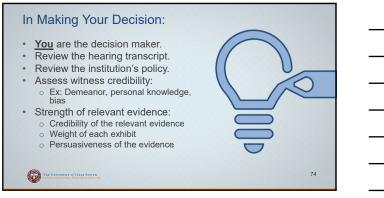


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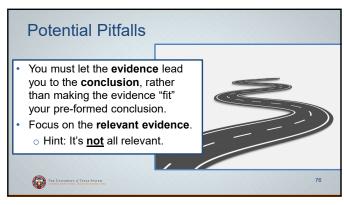
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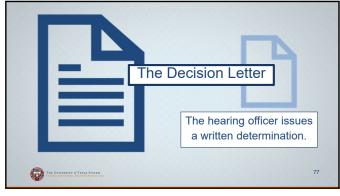
### Tips for Evaluating Witnesses

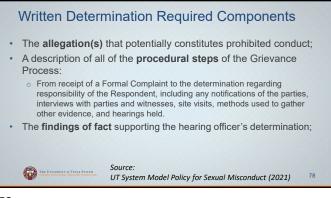
### Credibility:

- Are there inconsistencies? Is an explanation plausible? What did the witness do? What did they not do?
- Are there motives for the witness to be less than truthful?
- Are there motives for the witness to frame the event in a way more favorable to themselves? Are they lying to themselves?
- Is there an opportunity for a good faith mistake?









### Written Determination Required Components (Cont.)

- The **conclusion(s)** and a **rationale** as to whether the Respondent is responsible for each allegation;
- The disciplinary **sanctions**, if applicable;

Source:

• The **remedies**, if applicable, designed to restore the Complainant's access to the education program or activity; and

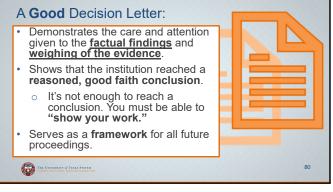
UT System Model Policy for Sexual Misconduct (2021)

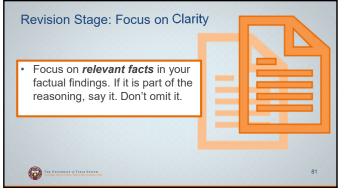
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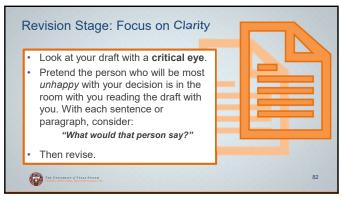
• The institution's procedures and permissible bases for the parties to **appeal**, if applicable.

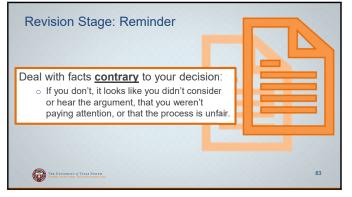
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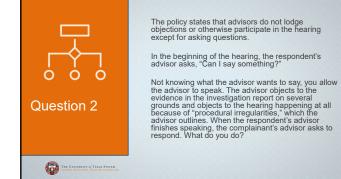




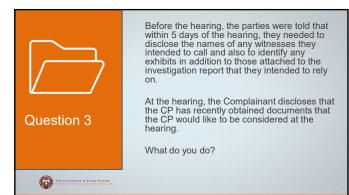


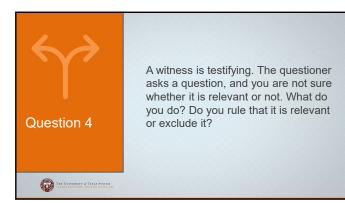
What are some examples of types of evidence that a party might consider relevant at the hearing that may draw an objection?

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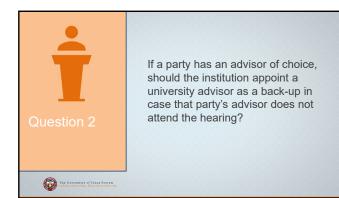


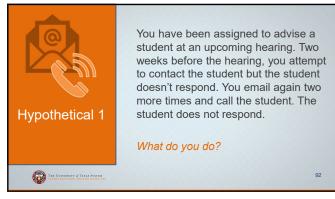




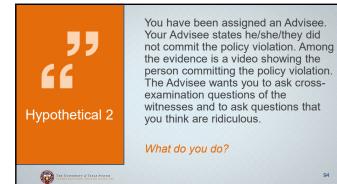


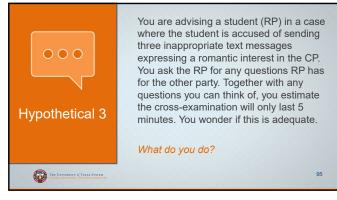




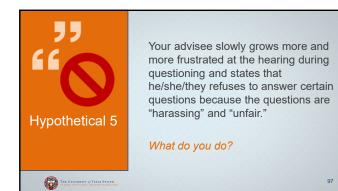






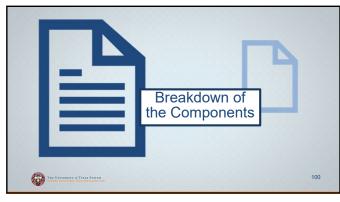


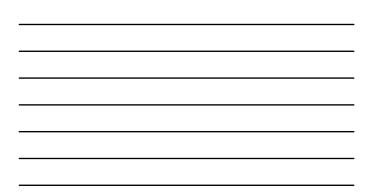








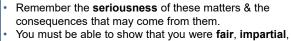




1	<ul> <li>Allegation(s) &amp; Applicable Policies &amp; Procedure</li> <li>List the allegation(s) and the applicable policies &amp; procedures. You can attach documents as exhibits.</li> <li>"A description of the procedural steps taken from the</li> </ul>	
	receipt of the formal complaint through the determination including any notifications to the parties, interviews with parties and witnesses, site visits, methods used to gathe other evidence, and hearings held" (Title IX Regulations, 20	r
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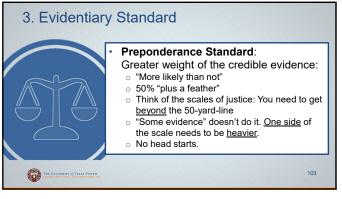
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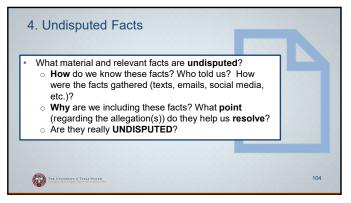


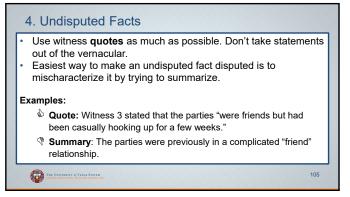


- and thorough in your examinations.
- Include a summary of what you heard, saw & reviewed.
  Don't fill the letter with irrelevant facts. But when in doubt,
- include it.

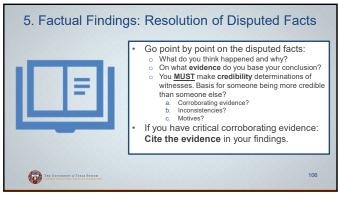
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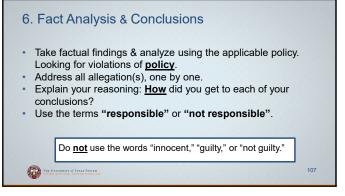


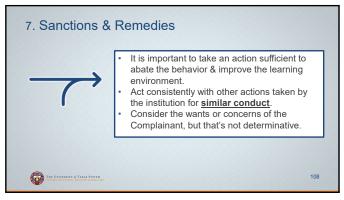
















Contact I	nformation	
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Email: kranderson@utsystem.edu	Email: <u>sflammer@utsystem.edu</u>	
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